Dying well night and day: A mixed-methods evaluation of out-of-hours services in

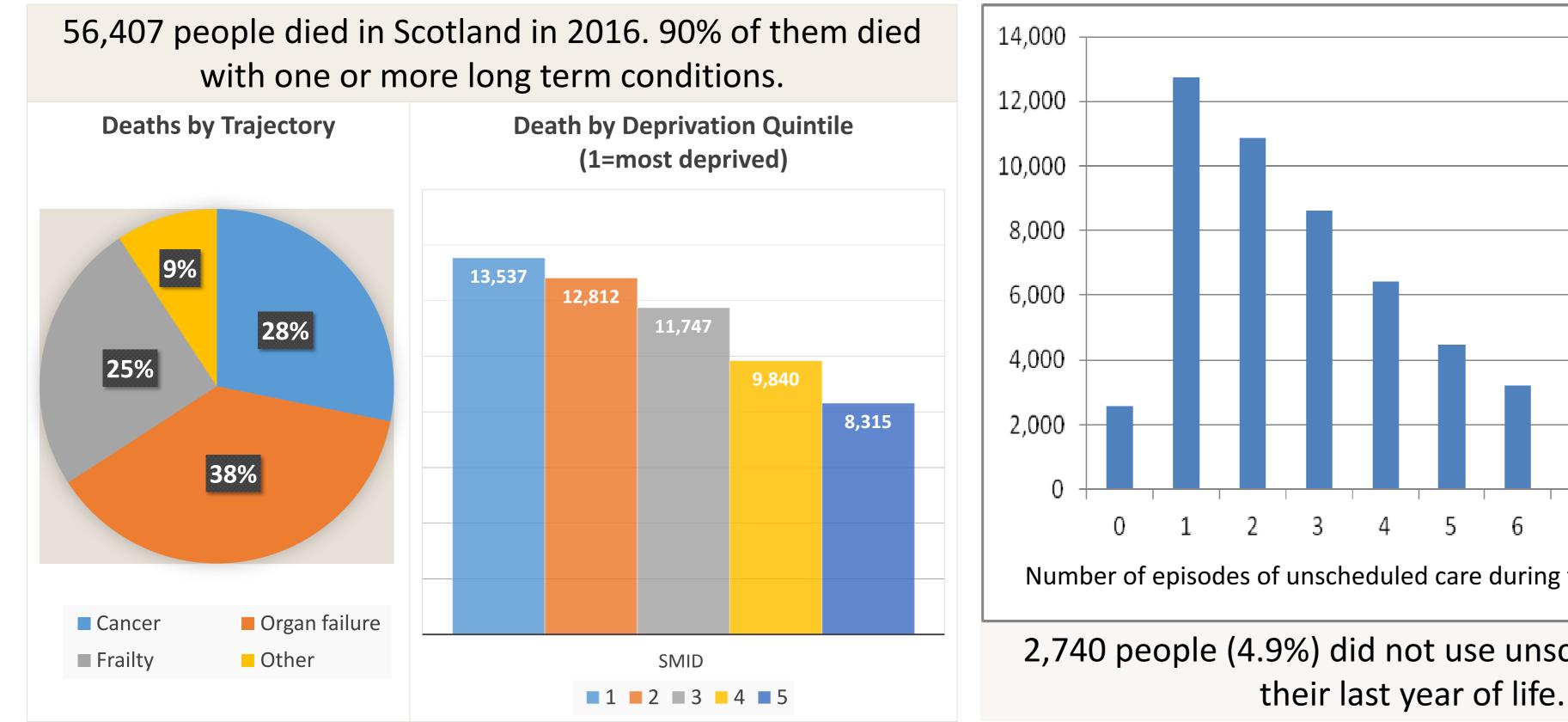


Scotland for people with palliative care needs

Mason B,¹ Laidlaw S,⁹ Kerssens J,⁸ Stoddart A,² Carduff E,² Finucane A,² Kendall M,¹ Macpherson S,⁷ Brun N,¹ Keen J,⁴ Tucker S⁵, Moussa L,⁷ Haraldsdottir E,⁶ Ritchie L,³ Fallon M,¹ Murray S,¹ Boyd K¹

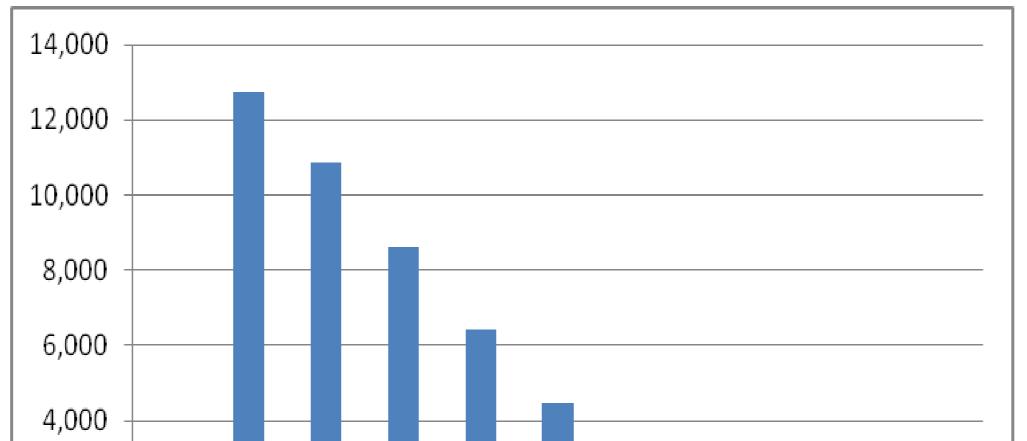
Primary Palliative Care **Research Group**

Use of unscheduled care services by people who died in Scotland in 2016 during their last 12 months of life.



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institute



We know that a priority for people living at home with palliative and end-of-life care needs is well coordinated care 24/7.

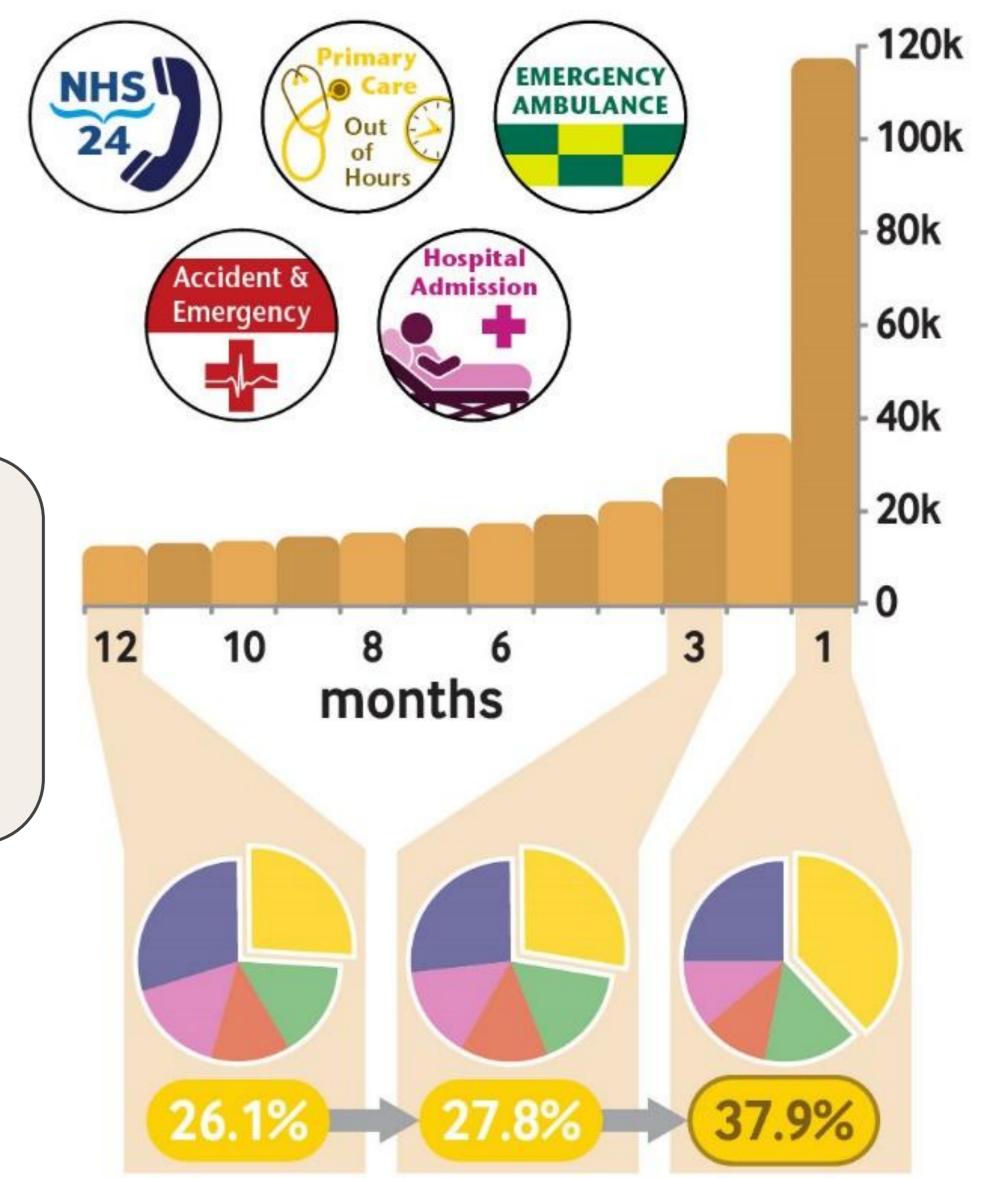
Number of episodes of unscheduled care during the last year of life 2,740 people (4.9%) did not use unscheduled care in

Deciding

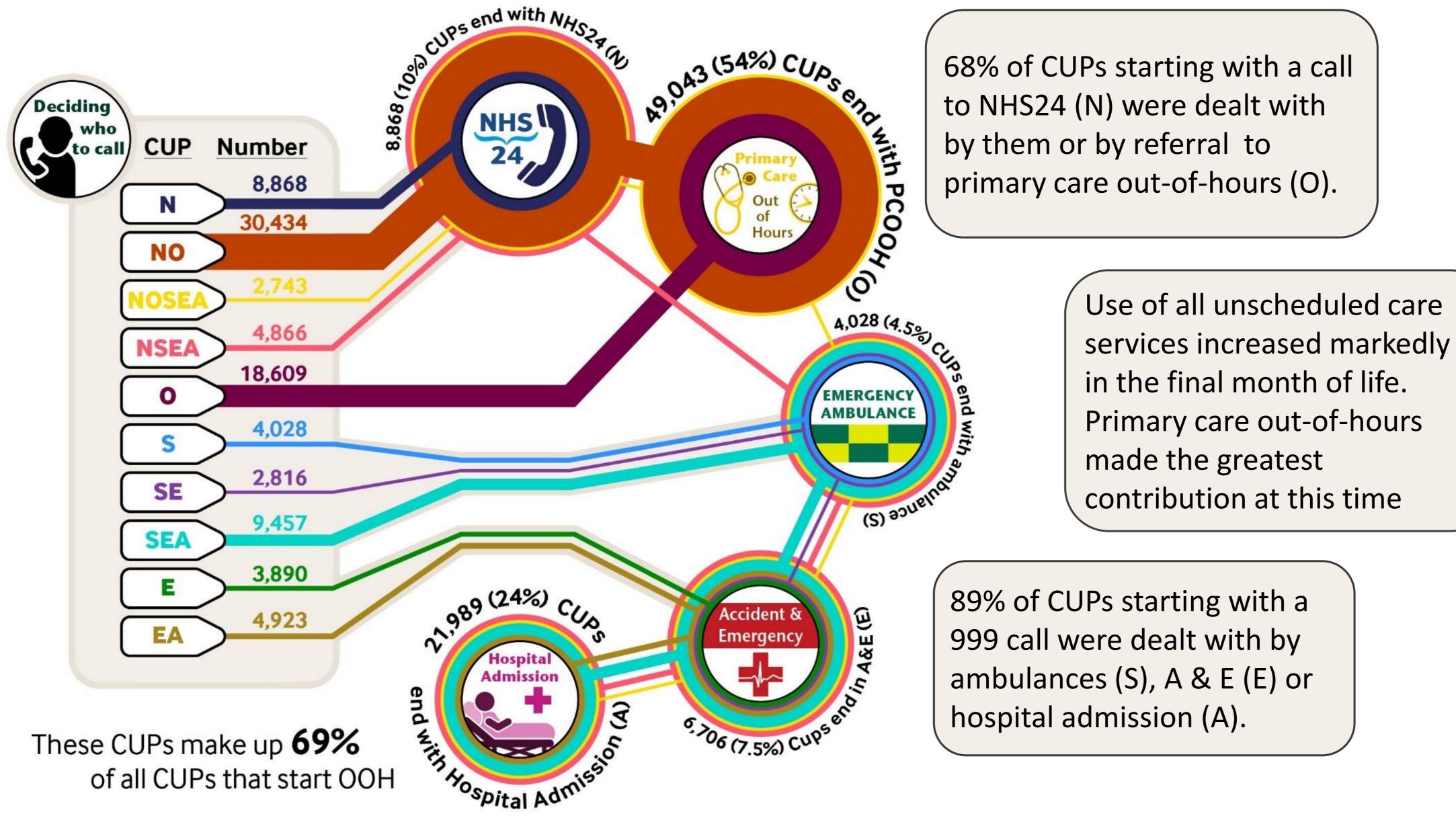
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to cal

A Continuous Unscheduled Care **Pathway** (CUP) links episodes of unscheduled care whatever time they begin. Out-of-hours CUPs are patient journeys starting out-of-hours.



10 most frequent out-of-hours patient journeys (CUPs) in the last year of life



68% of CUPs starting with a call to NHS24 (N) were dealt with by them or by referral to primary care out-of-hours (O).

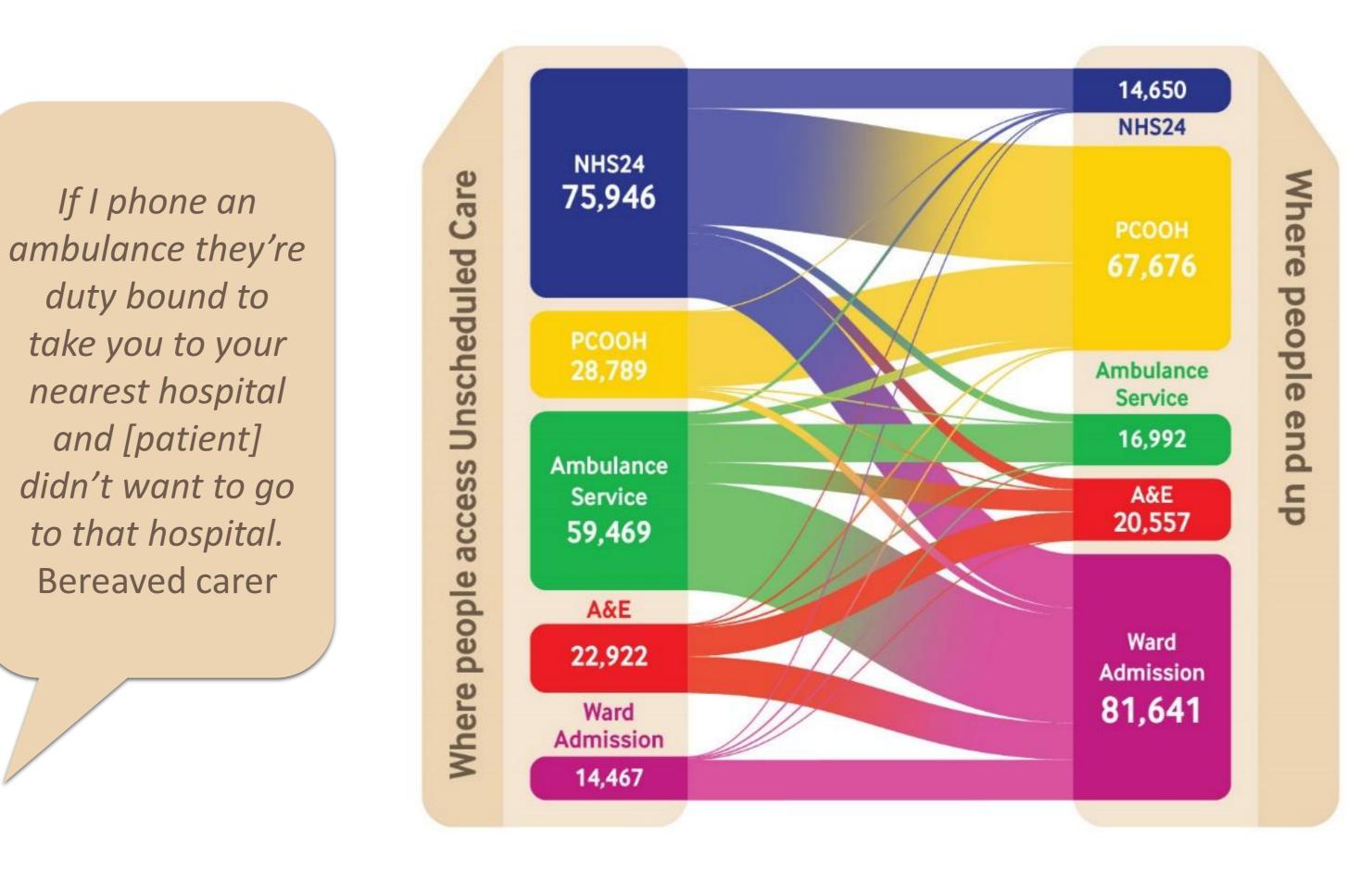
> in the final month of life. Primary care out-of-hours made the greatest contribution at this time

89% of CUPs starting with a 999 call were dealt with by ambulances (S), A & E (E) or hospital admission (A).

> Proportions of unscheduled care services used over the last year of life

People's understandings of unscheduled care and how to access it strongly influenced CUPs, care outcomes and costs.

[NHS24] take hours, it seems hours, taking all your details and then they'll say we'll get someone to phone you back. Carer



Conclusions

Community based services (NHS24, primary care out-of-hours, visits from ambulance paramedics) can

I've got a family that would, if I could get to the phone, they would come down and take me to hospital, or something like that, because I don't really know how the system's working at night time. Patient

provide quality, cost effective care.

Better understanding of what help is available in a crisis and how to access it would improve people's experiences and outcomes.

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